Disability Services in High School and College

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Resources for Students With Learning Differences

Laws and Documentation

High School

- I.D.E.A. (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act)
- Documentation determines whether a student is eligible for services based on specific disability categories
- I.D.E.A. is about SUCCESS
- Student is identified by the school and support is given by teachers

College

- A.D.A. (Americans with Disabilities Education Act)
- Documentation outlines functional limitations and demonstrates the need for accommodations
- A.D.A. is about ACCESS
- Students must share documentation about their disability to the Disability Services office and apply for accommodations

Accommodations and Modifications

High School

 Credit classes may have modified curriculum

Teachers may modify assignmentsAssignment deadlines may be alteredTest format changes are given

Students may retake exams

- The school conducts evaluations. Meetings are held with parents.
 IEP's are created which specify the support and accommodations that teachers should provide annually.
- Teachers are given information about the disabilities of the students in their classes.

College

- College credit courses do not have modified curriculum
- No modification of assignments
- Assignment deadlines are not altered
- Test format changes are not available
- Students cannot retake exams
- After students register with the Disability Office, they must selfidentify with instructors each semester to receive accommodations.
- Instructors are not informed about the specific disabilities. They only know which accommodations their students require.

INSTRUCTION High School

College

- 07-8 hours of class daily 010-12 tests a semester 01-2 chapters per test Teachers have had training in Special Education methods Limited amount of studying each week outside of class 080% of what students need to know is given by teachers 20% of what students need to learn is developed in class
- 03-4 hours of class daily
- 02-4 tests a semester
- 65-7 chapters per test
- Instructors have not been trained in Special Education
- 2-3 hours of studying outside class for each hour in class
- 20% of what students need to know is given by instructors
- Ø80% of what students learn is developed outside class (homework, reading, studying)

Typical Accommodations in College

Note Takers

Testing Accommodations

Extended Time, Low Distraction Room, Test ReaderAssistive Technology

Examples include Kurzweil, Dragon Naturally Speaking, Zoom Text, Smart Pens

Alternative Texts

Audio, Braille

One-on-one Academic Tutoring

Executive Functioning Coaching

Thank You

- Teach Students How to Learn-Strategies You Can Incorporate Into Any Course to Improve Student Metacognition, Study Skills and Motivation by Sandra Yancy McGuire
- The LearnWell Project by Leonard Geddes
- Lili O'Connell, Manager-Access and Disability Services, McHenry County College
- University of Wisconsin-Whitewater, Center for Students With Disabilities